WANTS REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATUS

Senator Stewart Asks for To Settle Mooted Question. Inquiry Into District and National Relations.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS

Use for the Money if General Government Owes a Balance.

Frequent Statements by Legislators That Commissioners Officially Have Not Borne Full Share of Expenses Under Organic Law.

Senator Stewart, of the Senate District Committee, believes that the question of the financial relations of the District and the United States Government should be investigated. He introduced in the Senate today a resolution calling on the District Committee to make a full investigation to ascertair whether or not the two parties to the contract of 1878 are living up to it, or, in other words, whether each is contributing its half to the expenses of the District.

There have been repeated charges that

There have been repeated charges that the Government is not paying its full share, and, on the other hand, it has been asserted by Senators and Representatives at various times that it is doing more than its share. Mr. Stewart believes that there should be no doubt about the matter, especially as the District now needs a number of costly improvements, which cannot be naid for out of current revcannot be paid for out of current rev-

It is understood that the Senator be-Heyes there is a surplus due the District, which should be appropriated by the United States for these large improvements. The resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, That the Committee on the

District of Columbia be and is hereby directed to make an inquiry into the ex-penditures and taxes within and for the District of Columbia since the system of taxation and expenditures went into operation prescribed by the act of June 11, 1878, which provided for a permanent form of government for the District; and to ascertain the appropriations made by Congress for the benefit of the District, in accordance with said act; and said committee shall repor; whether or not Congress has appropriated, as required by said act, the amount of 50 per cent of the sums necessary to defray the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia, and if such sum has not been fully appropriated, said committee shall state the amount which ought now to be appropriated by Congress in order to make up the said 50 per cent accruing between the date of said act and December 31, 1901; and said committee is hereby further directed to report any and all legislation which may be necessary to carry out the aforesaid provisions of the act of June 11, 1878, binding Congress to appropriate said amount of 50 per cent of the expenditures, leaving the remaining 50 per cent to be levied upon the property of the District other than public prop-

SUSPECTED OF PLOTTING DEATH OF FRANZ JOSEF

Police of Parma Arrest Anarchist Negri,

of Trieste. LONDON, April 26 .- A dispatch from Rome to the Central News says the police of Parma have arrested an anarchist of the name of Negri, of Trieste, who is suspected of plotting the assassiantion of Emperor Franz Josef of Austria. A photograph of the Emperor bearing the word "dead" was found in the pris

OPINION ON BREVETS SENT TO COMMITTEE

Judge Advocate General Davis Submits Precedents.

Secretary Root has transmitted to the Senate Committee on Military Affairs the establish his record in the Union army, reply of Judge Advocate General Davis to and intends to give some publicity to the inquiry of the committee regarding the matter in his State. Already he has the authority for conferring brevet nominations on some 625 army officers, which are now pending before the committee.

The committee in looking up the law authorizing the conferring of brevets found the statute specifically stated that it could be done only "in time of war." Oficially, at least, a state of war has not existed in the Philippines since the termination of hostilities with Spain upon the signing of the peace protocol, and as no declaration of war against China was made in connection with the Boxer uprising the committee was of the opinion also that a state of war did not exist political capital of the Democrats in porthere, and the brevets conferred for meritorious services in either campaign would not fall within the provision of the law limiting them to "time of war."

The reply of the Judge Advocate General is expected to envince the committee that the President has ample authority to confer these brevets, notwithstanding the apparent lack of authority in the statues. He quotes from the precedents for years back to show that the clause "in time of war" has been construed not to depend upon an efficial declaration of war, but that the meritorious services must be per-formed in an action with the enemy.

umerous brevets that have been con ferred, it is shown, on account of Indian campaigns, where no actual declaration of war was made, and that brevets for serv-ices rendered in the civil war have been, in some instances, only recently dis-tributed. This construction of the law, he says, has been so often concurred in by the Senate in the confrmation of bre-vet nominations that he thinks the authority of the President in this instance

POPE ORDERS EXAMINATION.

Suggestion of American Missionary College at Rome to Be Looked Into.

ROME, April 26.-The Pope has ordered the propaganda to examine the suggestion for the instituting at Rome of an American missionary college, to provide clergy for Cuba and the Philippines.

Unending contention about supposed indebtedness on one side or the other to be determined, Nevada Senator proposes, by a thorough investigation by Congress, A finding favorable to the District counted upon to furnish funds in present stringency.

DESIRE TO SETTLE DISPUTE ARBITRATION ARRANGED BY CIVIC FEDERATION

Decisive Result Scored by Mr. Hanna's Committee.

TROUBLE YET TO BE SETTLED

Committee Representing the Miners and One Representing the Operators Will Meet as Result of Federation's Mediation and Endeavor to Solve Difficulty.

NEW YORK, April 28.-The truck agreed upon at the meeting of the anthracite coal operators and miners with the conciliation committee of the National Civic Federation a month ago, by which a strike of the anthracite miners in Pennsylvania was averted for thirty days, expired today, and again the operators and miners were brought together by Senator Mark Hanna's industrial peace

Senator Hanna presided at today's meeting, which was held in a large and airy room in the Church Mission Build-

The result of the meeting as stated by Messrs. Straus and Hanna, was that a committee, consisting of Messrs. Baer, Thomas, and Truesdale for the operators and Messrs. Mitchell, Fahey, Nichols, and Duffy for the miners, had been appointed to meet on Tuesday next at the New York offices of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, and there to arrive at a positive decision as to whether there shall be strike or an agreement upon the issues as they are now understood.

This committee was appointed on the advice of Senator Hanna's peace committee, and the result of the meeting on Tuesday next is as uncertain as the result of today's meeting was yesterday. Senator Hanna said: "We have had an interesting and satisfactory talk, and we hope that the committee that will meet next Tuesday will arrive at some satisfactroy understanding. I cannot predict whether that will be done or not.

Mr. Straus said: "Today we have succeeded in clarifying the situation on some

Before the meeting, which was called at es would express an opinion on the

The miners' delegates said they hoped for the best, but that was as far as they would go, as all were under strict orders to refrain from talking publicly.

MR. ELKINS DEFENDS HIS CIVIL WAR RECORD

Answers Charges of Dr. Leeds of West Virginia.

Senator Elkins today started out to refute the charges made by Dr. Leeds, of Reno Post, G. A. R., of West Virginia, to the effect that the Senator had no war record and therefore had no right to be a member of the G. A. R. Senator Elkins will secure data from the War Department and other official sources here to fully received word from the Auditor of War Department, telling of the record of his enrollment in the Missouri militia, and after in the regular service, and of his service as captain in Missouri during 1862-63, chiefly against Quantrill and his of action

guerrillas Senator Elkins said today regarding the matter:

"I have never dignified these charges against my war record with any notice heretofore, but I see no reason why they should go unchallenged any longer. They tions of West Virginia and are now being brought up again for the campaign this

fall. "It was asserted several years ago that I was a deserter from the army. Later that I never belonged to the army, and at another time that I was a member of the Quantrill guerrillas. All of these statements it will be very easy to disprove in a very short time and I propose

"The truth of the matter is, I was captured at one time by Quantrell during one of the engagements of my company with him. I would have been shot, and curiously enough Cal Younger was the man who saved my life. He persuaded Quantrell to give me my liberty. Once after that I was able to perform the same service for Younger.'

NO CHANGE NOTED IN CONDITION OF ARCHBISHOP

NEW YORK, April 26 .- Father Curley Archbishop Corrigan's secretary, said this morning that the Archbishop had rested easily last night, and slept well for about five hours in all, in short stretches.

"The Archbishop is holding his own," he said. There has been no material change for the worse or the better."

ROCHAMBEAU MISSION PERSONIEL ANNOUNCED

Out List of Names.

Army, Navy, the Foreign Office, Belles-Letters, and Art to Be Represented. Some of the Party Will Come Over on La Touraine, and Some on Battleship,

PARIS, April 26.—The following will nstitute the French mission to the dedition of the statue of Rochambeau at Vashington on May 24:

Army-General Brugere, vice president the superior council of war, chief of e mission; General De Chalandas, Lieuenant Colonel Hermite, and Capts. Poiloue de St. Marc and Lasson. Navy-Admiral Fournier and aides-de-

Foreign office-MM. Guillemin, a subhief in the cabinet, and Robert de Billy and Vicomte Chambrun. The last two amed will act as secretaries.

M. Alfred Croisset, dean of the faculty of letters, has been attached to the mission as a representative of French lit-The artist Paul Renouard will go as the

presentative of French art. Some of the members of the mission will sail on the steamship La Touraine, on May 19. The chiefs, however, will sail on the battleship Gaulois, from Toulon

In a cablegram received at the State Deeartment today from Ambassador Porter, the official mission to the Rochambeau tatue unveiling is announced and the ambassador says that a French warship, probably the Gauloia will sail for Baltinore early in May.

LONDON PAPERS COMMENT ON GEN. SMITH'S AVOWAL

Thinks American Pro-Boers Should Now Hold Their Peace.

April 26.-The "Evening News," in an editorial on the trial of Gen. Jacob Smith, the United States offier on trial at Manila for conduct prejudical to good order and discipline says: "After Smith's avowals, the most hameless pro-Boer in America will sure ly hold his peace.

GEN. POWELL CLAYTON STARTS HOME MONDAY

Will Spend a Short Time There Before Proceeding to His Post.

General Powell Clayton, of Arkansas the United States ambassador to Mexico will, en Monday, leave Washington for Little Rock, his home, there to spend a short time before returning to his post, which he will reach, he says, on May 20, the Cuban inaugural date, in time to un furl the embassy flag and render Cuba all possible moral support.

HOUSE AGAIN FAILS TO THANK MR. HAY

Futile Effort to Secure Action on the Resolution.

The second effort to secure the passage f a resolution expressing the thanks of Congress to Secretary Hay for his Mc-Kinley memorial address failed in the House this morning.

After the reading of the journal Mr. Grosvenor, the chairman of the Special Memorial Committee, called up the resolution, which was introduced about two weeks ago, and upon suggestion of Representative Richardson (Tenn.) was reerred to the committee.

Representative Grosvenor asked unantmous consent for the present considera tion of the resolution. Mr. Richardson asked if the resolution had been considered by the committee. Mr. Grosvenor said it had, and that while Mr. Clark (Dem., Mo.) had said he might file a ninority report, he did not vote against favorably reporting the resolution. It was in regular form, Mr. Grosvenor said. Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) objected, and the resolution in consequence failed

The objection made to extending the thanks of Congress to Secretary Hay is based upon the statement that his aldress was of a political and partisan character.

TELLER RESOLUTION **FAVORABLY REPORTED**

Its Author Declares Cuban Reciprocity Should Be Included.

The Committee on Contingent Expenses favorably reported to the Senate this morning the Teller resolution, providing for an investigation by the Committee or Relations with Cuba of the sugar trust ir relation to the Cuban sugar lands.

Mr. Teller, in speaking upon the matter, declared that he, of course, would not oppose the adoption of the resolution, but he wished to say that it was not exactly what he wanted, and was not what he thought the coun'ry ought to have. He believed the enure subject of Cuban reciprocity should be gone into. He declared that the beet sugar interests were entitled to the existing duty or sugar, and he would labor to maintain such duty, unless there was a general desire to reduce duties generally. In

that case he would stand for such reduc-Will See President's Cousin.

Mr E. E. Droop, of this city, who is soon going abroad, called on President Roosevelt at the White House today. He will make a long stay in Brussels, where a cousin of President Roosevelt, Mr. George W. Roosevelt, has for years been the United States consul,

BASES HIS DEFENSE ON OLD ARMY ORDER

a Civil War Rule.

INCLUDES DISTINGUISHED MEN APPLIED TO FILIPINO REBELS

"To Save the Country Is Paramount to All Other Considerations," Was the Watchword in the Rebellion-Paragraph Relating to Giving of Quarter.

Dispatches from Manila state that Brigadier General Smith, who is now on trial for issuing orders of an inhuman character in the Samar campaign, bases his defense upon military order No. 100, claiming that under it he was justified in authorizing Major Waller to kill all male natives over ten years of age, and to make the country a howling wilderness.

The order referred to, prepared by board of army officers, was issued by the War Department, April 24, 1863, and is entitled: "Instructions for the government of armies of the United States & the field." This order is still in effect. It contains about 10,000 words, divided into 157 paragraphs. The sections upon which General Smith probably depends for jusification are as follows:

"To save the country is paramount to all other considerations. * * * "Military necessity admits of all direct destruction of life or limb of armed enemies and of other persons whose destruc-

tion is incidentally unavoidable in the armed contests of war. * * * "The law of war can no more wholly dispense with retaliation than can the law of nations, of which it is a branch. Civilized nations acknowledge retaliation as the sternest feature of war. A reckless enemy often gives his opponent no other means of securing himself against the repetition of barbarous outrage. * * * "The more vigorously wars are pursued, the better it is for humanity. Sharp wars are brief. * * *

"A commander is permitted to direct his troops to give no quarter in great straits, when his own salvation makes it mpossible to cumber himself with pris-

"All troops of the enemy known or disovered to give no quarter in general, or to any portion of the army, receive none. * * *

"Quarter having been given to an enemy by American troops, under a misapprehension of his true character, he may, nevertheless, be ordered to suffer death if, within three days of the battle, it be discovered that he belongs to a corps which gives no quarter. * * * "All armies in the field stand in need

of guides, and impress them, if they cannot obtain them otherwise. Guides, when it is clearly proved that they have misled

AMERICANS LEADING IN COLLEGE CHESS TOURNEY

Will Win Probably by Four to two.

BOSTON, April 26.-The fourth annual cable chess match between students representing the universities of Harvard, Yale, Princeton, and Columbia on the one hand, and Oxford and Cambridge on the other, should be won by America by a score four games to two. Such was the

outlook at noon.

Play was resumed this morning. Notwithstanding the fact that the score board showed England to be in the lead by one game, the American college boys entered upon their task today with plenty of connce, and this not without reason.

The victory of Roome, the Oxonian, over Adams of Yale, on the sixth board, was clean cut, and the finish was quite brilliant. Adams' error was the spon-taneous opening of his center.

Roome dexterously turned his guns upon he exposure, and won finally in sledge nammer fashion. Davidson, playing the white on board 3, signed this morning to his opponent, awin, of Yale, at the thirty-fourth move. This tied the score.

On boards 1 and 2 the Americans, Rice and Sewall, should win, while on the other boards the games are even. America, therefore, should win by four games to two

GENERAL ELECTIONS IN FRANCE TOMORROW

Intense Interest Felt in Result of Balloting.

PARIS, April 26 .- The general elections, which take place tomorrow, are the one topic of conversation today, and all business, with the exception of electioneering, is practically suspended. Of the opposition forces, the Orleanists

are the best organized, and are spending the most money. The Bonapartists, on the other hand, are doing little, Prince Victor, their lead-er, holding that their only opportunity lies in a foreign war, and that when French

men want somebody named Napoleon, they will call for that leader. Three of the parties, the Republicans, of whom former President Carnot's son is the leader; the Radicals, with M. Bourgeois and M. Brisson at their head, and the Socialists, led by M. Millerand and M. Jaures, all join in supporting M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the present premier.

Rousseau, the present premier.

The remaining opposition parties are fighting for leadership separately, as it is impossible for most of them to mix.

These parties, with the leaders, are: The Moderate Republicans, M. Meline, leader; the anti-Semites, M. Drumont and M. Rochefort leaders; the jingo Nationalists, M. Mercier leader; the plebecitary Nationalists, M. Deroulde leader, and the revolutionary Socialists M. Gnesdes evolutionary Socialists, M. Guesdes

Scotch Coal Trust Story Denied. GLASGOW, April 26.—The story printed in the "Edinburgh News" yesterday to the effect that J. P. Morgan was combining the big Scotch collieries is denied here.

BIG TUMBLE COMES IN PRICE OF MEATS

French Government Gives Gen. Jacob H. Smith Invokes Government's Action Supposed to Have Caused Fall.

NO MONDAY RISE EXPECTED

Loins Drop From Twenty-six to Twenty Cents a Pound, Ribs From Sixteen to Fifteen Cents, and Loin Butts From Thirteen to Eleven Cents.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 26 .- Followng immediately on the heels of the announcement that the Government intends o investigate the methods of the beef trust, the prices of the highest classes of beef fell from 1 to 6 cents yesterday. Loins which have been costing 26 cents went to 20 cents; ribs which have been bringing 16 cents, fell to 15, and loin butts which have been selling for 13 cents, were reduced to 11.

Furthermore, the butchers believe the packers are so badly scared that they will not have the courage to make their usual raise in prices next Monday morning. It was confidently predicted by the

packers before the airing of the trust's methods was commenced that the price of carcass beef would go to 121/2 cents at Kansas City before grass-fed cattle be gan to come to market but the trust has not raised the price : veve 101/2 cents as yet, and it begins to look as though it will not carry out its purposes.

LOCAL BEEF PRICES DIDN'T INCREASE TODAY

In Spite of a Rushing Trade Figures Re mained Stationary.

Beef did not cost any more at the mar get today than it did yesterday-probably because of the action of Attorney General Knox in relation to the alleged Beef

The market was good this morning, and ore meat than usual was sold.

"We are too busy to talk about the Beef Trust today," said several of the local butchers, and this statement indicated the way in which the beef wind lew all day.

hit wall day.

At the big packing houses this morning nothing in regard to the meat trade situation could be learned. The manager of the Armour & Co. Washington branch declined to say anything about the change which has taken place since the Attorney General issued his statement, and he would not state what effect this action is dively to have ween the his action. s likely to have upon the big packing Local butchers were reticent in regard

to the situation. It was stated that a meeting of the local association of butchers will be held next week, at which a report will be made of the work of the committee appointed at the meeting held on Thursday night to co-operate with the Senate and House committees in the natter.
The committee, composed of Messrs. J.

A. Hoffman, vice president of the Na-tional Association of Butchers, J. Horn-stein, Charles Daly, L. C. Rosenbusch, William Bosch, and John R. Kelly, presi-lent of the local organization, held a conference this afternoon with the Ways and Means Committee of the House. The co-operation of the Washington butchers was offered.

MARVELOUS ENDLESS CHAIN BUSINESS

Postoffice Authorities Investigating Scheme.

It was stated at the office of the Assistant Attorney General for the Postoffice Department this morning that the endless chain letter business of Van Kirk & Robbins, Wilkesbarre, Pa., is being investigated, and that a hearing has been set for May 2, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the office of the Assistant Attorne General for the Postoffice Department. It is alleged that the chain letter business of Van Kirk & Robins has so choked the postoffice at Wilkesbarre with mail that the postmaster of that place received notice from the postal authorities here to stop its delivery until there is an investi gation. It is stated that most of the letters received contain money orders for \$2.50. There were received by the firm, it is said, between 3,000 and 4,000 daily during each of the last four days, and the

number is steadily increasing. The nature of their business is alleged be as follows: A few weeks ago the rm sold an old horse which it owned; the firm then bought stationery and started business on a borrowed desk, so ; is said. Now they sell a fountain pen for \$2.50, and the person buying it has the privilege of entering their employ at \$6.50 a week for writing sixty letters, sending their company's proposition onward. This endless chain was started six weeks ago. Now fifty people are employed in the home office, it is alleged, and hundreds in every State in the country. The company, it is claimed, has paid out over \$50,000 ready.

The postal authorities do not seem t be certain yet whether they can stop the business on the ground that it is il-legal, but investigation is being made on Meanwhile the business

QUEEN WILHELMINA'S CONDITION IS IMPROVED

HET LOO, Holland, April 26 .- Queen firmary, where he underwent a surgical Wilhelmina's physicians, Drs. Roessings and Pot, this morning issued the follow-ing encourageing bulletin: "The Queen had a quieter night. Her emperature and general condition are nore favorable,"

SHEFFIELD WINS GREAT

ENGLISH FOOTBALL GAME LONDON, April 26 .- The final round in he contest for the English Asso Football Cup was played at the Crystal Palace grounds today before an enormou

gathering of spectators.

The Sheffield team defeated the South ampton combination by two goals to one, and thus won the cup for this year.

The two clubs played a draw last week before 80,000 people, and today was fixed for the deciding game.

EIGHT MILLIONS FOR THE DISTRICT

Some of the Figures.

The District appropriation bill submitted to the House today contains these features: Recommended by the Commissioners, \$10,441,481.97; recommended by the committee, exclusive of the Water Department allowance, \$7,743,888.97; water, \$123,166. Of the sum recommended by the committee the General Government is to pay \$3,870,694.48.

CIVIC CENTER REPORTS ON SCHOOL FACILITIES

Wishes Compulsory Education Law Enforced.

6,000 CHILDREN NOT ON ROLL

Senate District Committee Urged to for a Short Time.

the Senate District Committee an imrtant report on the school facilities of taxable property and privileges in the the District and the number of children who are not attending school, with recomnendations that the laws for compulsory education be enforced.

. O'Brien, M. D., chairman of the comof school age are not enrolled in the Disthis week.

As stated by Miss O'Brien's report, the District law is specific and full on the subject. Except in case of bodily infirmity or ill-health, it is required that all children between the ages of eight and fourteen years shall actend some public or private school at least tweive weeks n every year. Carefully prepared and exustive tables accompany the report, showing the number of both white and olored children in the different grades. that of the 45,788 children attending the the current fiscal year. public school, 9,501, or about 20 per cent, are under eight years of age. At the same time 6,278 children, between the

ages of eight and fourteen are not attending schools. The report asserts that the children under eight years of age are keeping the older children away, and asserts that ations enough for

GUEST OF A HOTEL FOUND DEAD IN BED

Sudded Demise of William Thorp, of Brooklyn, N.Y.

William Thorp sixty-five years of age, who resided at 588 Green Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., was found dead in his room at the National Hotel shortly after 9 o'clock this

norning. Mr. Thorp, who was a frequent visitor to this city, had been ill for some time, and Dr. M. F. Thompson was attending him at the hotel. When Mr. Thorp failed to appear for his breakfast this morning, Mr. G. F. Shutt, a friend, went to his room to see what the trouble was. The for stating, in regard to the position of door was locked and Mr. Shutt upon reeiving no answer to his summons,

Deputy Coroner Glazebrook was sumnoned, and after viewing the remains, gave a certificate of death from natural

Mr. Thorp lying on the bed, dead.

The body was removed to Lee's underaking establishment to be prepard for burial.

A friend of the deceased who resides in the city, was notified and at once advised Mr. Therp's relatives in Brooklyn, who will, it is thought, have the remains while the city who will be always the city.

CONDITION OF CONGRESSMAN CUMMINGS IS SERIOUS

Pneumonia Has Set in, and Physicians Decline to Risk Prediction of Outcome. BALTIMORE, April 26. - Congressman mos J. Cummings of New York is seri-

ously ill at the Church Home and In-

peration recently. He has pneumonia, resulting from a seere cold, and pleurisy which developed a the last few days. Dr. Young, who is attending him, says

he can give no definite assurances of the Congressman's recovery until after twenty-four hours, but he has hopes that he will pull through. Mr. Cummings is The wind did considerable damage to much weakened by the operation, and this bears against him. Railroad Wreck In Indiana.

VALPARAISO, Ind., April 26 .- A Grand unk passenger train which left Chicago last night was wrecked near Haskells. east of this city, as a result of the windstorm during the night. The engineer, Robert Melrose, of Battle Creek, Mich., was seriously hurt, and the fireman and mail clerk were badly bruised.

House Committee Acts on Appropriation Bill.

THE PROVISIONS OF THE MEASURE

Estimates of Commissioners Reduced By \$2,000,000.

INCREASE IN THE REVENUES

Improvements and Repairs Probably Curtailed Owing to the Fact That Congress Has Not Yet Been Able to Learn What Increase in Taxes May Amount to.

The District appropriation bill, which as been under consideration by the subamittee of the House Appropriations Committee for the past few weeks, completed the bill this morning, and it was reported to the House by Representative McCleary, chairman of the subcommittee. He will call the measure up one day next

The report, which is very comprehenive, says in part:

Estimates of Commissioners. "The estimates of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, upon which Remedy Present Conditions, Even If Water Department, aggregate \$10,441, the bill is based, and, exclusive of the Younger Children Must Be Kept Away | 481.97, one-half of which amount, exclusion sive of expenses under the highway act, or such sum as Congress may appropriate, is required to be drawn from the revenues The Civic Center of the District has sent of the General Government and the remaining one-half to be levied upon the

District of Columbia. "The total amount recommended to be appropriated for the general expenses of the District of Columbia for the fiscal The report was prepared by Emily A. year 1903 in the bill submitted herewith is, exclusive of the water department, nittee on public schools. It will be \$7,743,888.97, of which sum the General printed for distribution as a public docu- Government is required to pay \$3,870,ment. It shows that over 6,000 children 694.48, that being one-half of the whole, exclusive of the amount (\$2,500) recom-Accompanying the report are mended for expenses under the highway resolutions dopted by the Civic Center act. The first named sum is \$2,697,592 less than the estimates submitted by the

Commissioners. "The amount appropriated for the general expenses of the District of Columbia for the current fiscal year (1902) is \$8,~ 370,581.94, or \$626,692.97 more than is recommended in the accompanying bill for

"The amount recommended for the Water Department, all of which is payable from the water revenues, is \$123,166, being a reduction of \$8,522 under the appro-One point developed by the report is priations for the water department for

The Water Revenues.

"It is estimated that the water revenues available for the fiscal year 1903 will amount to \$394,000; but it is provided in the accompanying bill, as it was in the acts for the current and ten preceding fiscal years, that any surplus of these revenues over the appropriations specifically therefrom shall be applied to Two remedies are suggested, one, the the work of extending the high-service building of a large number of new school buildings, sufficient to hold the surplus children, and the other the displacement where necessary of children under eight years of age.

system of water distribution. Under these indefinite appropriations of the surplus water revenues there has been expended up to December 31, 1901, for extending the water revenues there has been expended high-service system of water distribution,

the sum of \$1,133,690.58. "The total general revenues of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1903. it is estimated by the Secretary of the

Treasury, will not exceed \$3,750,000. The (Continued on Second Page.)

STEAMSHIP COMBINE STILL ENGLISH TOPIC

Negotiations With the Cunard

Line Not Broken Off.

LONDON, April 26.—The steamship combine is still engrossing attention all over England. There is good authority. the Cunard Company, that that line is willing to make an arrangement similar to promptly broke open the door. He found that entered into between the German companies and the combine. The directors of the Cunard Company are unwilling either to sell out or to grant an option

for the future purchase of their shares. The negotiations, however, have not been broken off. A shareholder of the White Star Line affirms that the purchase price paid by the syndicate was four times the par value

erpool today, emphatically denied that the White Star Line had been sold to J. P. Morgan, or any other person or interest.

"The White Star Line has not been sold. You can state that most emphatically and contradict statements made to that effect."

He said:

BUFFALO VISITED BY WIND AND RAIN STORM

Harbor Blocked With Ice Blown From Upper Lake. BUFFALO, April 26 .- A strong southeast gale, accompanied by lightning, thun-

The wind did considerable damage to ome of the young crops, but the rain was badly needed in view of the fact that there has been little or no rain since the snow disappeared. While the rain also assisted in melting

the ice in the harbor, the wind counter-acted these good result by blowing more ice from the uppper lake to this port.

In consequence lake traffic is as much impeded as ever, and boats can make their way through the ice only with extreme care and difficulty.